

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Bec 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/811,628		03/29/2004	Tapesh Yadav	A15 DIV(16)	2732
25235	7590	12/29/2004		EXAMINER	
HOGAN &			LE, HOA T		
1200 SEVE		ER, SUITE 1500 H ST		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
DENVER, (CO 8020	2		1773	

DATE MAILED: 12/29/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				7 7!				
		Applicati n N .	Applicant(s)					
		10/811,628	YADAV ET AL.					
Offic Action	on Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
		H. T. Le	1773					
The MAILING DA Period for Reply	ATE f this c mmunication app	pears n the c ver sheet with th	orrespondence add	ress				
	LITARY REDIAN EAR REDL'	Y IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH	(S) EPOM					
THE MAILING DATE C - Extensions of time may be avarafter SIX (6) MONTHS from the lift the period for reply specified. - If NO period for reply is specified. - Failure to reply within the set	OF THIS COMMUNICATION. ailable under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 re mailing date of this communication. I above is less than thirty (30) days, a replied above, the maximum statutory period or extended period for reply will, by statute ce later than three months after the mailing	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from to, cause the application to become ABANDONE g date of this communication, even if timely filed	mely filed ys will be considered timely. the mailing date of this con ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nmunication.				
Status								
1) Responsive to co	ommunication(s) filed on							
2a) This action is FIN		action is non-final.						
<i>,</i> —	· -							
closed in accorda	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disp sition of Claims								
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/a	are pending in the application							
4a) Of the above	claim(s) is/are withdraw	wn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is	s/are allowed.		•					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/		•	•					
7) Claim(s) is			•					
8) Claim(s) a	are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.						
Application Papers								
,— ,	is objected to by the Examine							
10) The drawing(s) file)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• •	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se						
· ·	• ''	tion is required if the drawing(s) is ob						
11)☐ The oath or decla	ration is objected to by the Ex	kaminer. Note the attached Office	: Action or form PT0	D-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119							
a)□ All b)□ Som		priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
 -		s have been received in Applicat	ion No					
	• •	rity documents have been receive		Stage				
	from the International Bureau		od in this realistical c	, ago				
• •		of the certified copies not receive	ed.					
		·						
Attachment(s)								
1) Notice of References Cited		4) Interview Summary						
	atent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F	ate Patent Application (PTO-	-152)				
Information Disclosure State Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>Mar</u>	tement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) <u>ch '04</u> .	6) Other:		·,				

Application/Control Number: 10/811,628

Art Unit: 1773

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 2. Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a), (b) or (e) as being anticipated by various articles as shown below.

Claims 1, 3 and 5-7: See "Synthesis of GaP nanowires with Ga₂O₃ coating" by Liu et al. Nanowires suggest an aspect ratio of larger than one. Ga₂O₃ contains oxygen which is a chalcogen.

<u>Claims 1-3 and 5-7</u>: See "Formation of self-assembling CdSe quantum dots on ZnSe by molecular beam epitaxy" by Xin et al. CdSe nanomaterials as described here have an aspect ratio (diameter-to-height ratio) of 4:1. ZnCdSe/ZnSe contains chalcogen

Application/Control Number: 10/811,628

Art Unit: 1773

(Se) and CdSe dots are described to be unstable with time showing that they vary from non-stoichiometric to stoichiometric state. CdSe is a metallic material.

Claims 1-7 and 10-11: See "New Type of Nanotube Made of Gold or Silver Created" by Weizmann Institute Scientists (Thomas Swan & Co paper). The nanotubes are multilayered nanotubes comprising gold or silver bound to an aluminum oxide membrane (see second page of the paper). Oxygen in aluminum oxide is a chalcogen. Nanotubes are non-spherical by definition; therefore, they have an aspect ratio of larger than 1. Gold and silver satisfy claim 4. Nanotubes are non-stoichiometric and stoichiometric.

Claims 6-9: See "Carbonitride nanomaterials, Thin Films, and Solids" by Khabashesku Margrave. Carbonitrides as disclosed are metallic compounds. These nanomaterials are non-spherical; therefore, they all have an aspect ratio of larger than one.

Claims 6-9: See "Growth of boron nitride nanotubes and iron nanowires from the liquid flow of FeB nanoparticles" by Kian Ping Loh et al. Nanotubes and nanowires by definition are nanomaterial with an aspect ratio of larger than 1. BN contains nitrogen. BN and Fe are metallic materials.

Claims 12-13: See "Catalytic Properties of Ni-B and Ni-P ultrafine materials" by Shao-pai Lee and Yu-Wen Chen. These ultrafine are nanomaterials and Ni-P contains phosphorous. The nanomaterials are non-spherical; therefore, they all have an aspect ratio of larger than 1.

Application/Control Number: 10/811,628

Art Unit: 1773

Claims 14-15: See "Discovery could lead to a new ways to create nano-fibers and wires" by Brightsurf.com. In this online article, it describes a new method to make nanofibers of polymeric material. See second page. Nanofibers or nanowires have an aspect greater than one by definition.

Claims 16-20: See "Growth of boron nitride nanotubes and iron nanowires from the liquid flow of FeB nanoparticles" by Kian Ping Loh et al. At page 5, left column, Loh et al disclose a well-faceted of Fe. The Fe nanoparticles are also described as "vertically elongated" (page 5, last paragraph, right column). Elongated particles have a "plate-like" structure. Fe is a non-oxide. Nanoparticles of Fe is a non-oxide nanoparticles.

3. Claims 1-11 and 16-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Gibson (US 6,156,428).

Claims 1-3 and 5-11: Gibson teaches metal nanoparticles that have high aspect ratio.

See claim 1. The particles are oxidized or nitrided, thus they contain chalcogen (oxygen) or nitrogen. See claim 2.

Claim 4: The particles are coated with precious metal including gold (claims 5-6) or with rare-earth (i.e. lanthanides, see claim 8).

Claims 16-20: The particles are platelet (plate-like) or disk-shaped (faceted) (see abstract).

4. Claims 14-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Alexandre et al (US 6,465,543) Alexandre teaches a polyolefin nanocomposites. The nanocomposites are platelet (see abstract and col. 1, lines 9-11), thus they are plate-

like or faceted. Polyolefine contains no oxygen. The nanocomposites are described as non-spherical (col. 1, lines 13-15) and thus have an aspect ratio of greater than one by definite.

- 5. Other references are cited as art of interest.
- 6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to H. T. Le whose telephone number is 571-272-1511. The examiner can normally be reached on 10:00 a.m. to 6:30 p.m., Mondays to Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Deborah Jones can be reached on 571-272-1535. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the

Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Primary Examiner
Art Unit 1773